Newport Mercury.

VOL. LXI. SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1822. Number 3145.

Newport Mercury,

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

WM. & J. H. BARBER,

No. 133, THAMES-STREET.

AT TWO DOLLARS per Annum, One Dollar in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and seventeen cents for each subsequent insertion.

All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

NEW WORKS.

Wm. & J. H. BARBER,

Have just received,

THE Life of Major General NATHANIEL GREENE, compiled chiefly from original materials, by the Hon *William Johnson*, of Charleston, (S. C.)—In Two Volumes, 4to, price $10.

The Solitary, or the Mysterious Man of the Mountains.—Translated from the French of Viscount D'Arlincourt, by an American Lady—2 vols. in one, price $1.

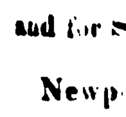
Helen de Tournon, a Novel by Madame de Souza, translated from the French—one vol. price 87 1-2 cents.

Dissertation first; exhibiting a general view of the progress of Metaphysical, Ethical, and Political Philosophy since the revival of letters in Europe.—By DOUGALD STEWART, one vol. 8vo, price $2 25.

A Foreigner's Opinion of England, 1 vol. price $2 25.

Newport, June 8.

RICE,

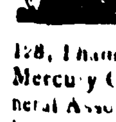


30 whole, and half Tierces Prime RICE, just landed and for sale by

S. T. NORTHAM.

Newport, June 22.

N. E. RUM,



Made by the Subscriber and Sold at his Store, No. 128, Thames-street, next South of the Mercury Office—Together with a general Assortment of GROCERIES, &c. by Wholesale and Retail—*Also*, Wood, Lumber, Flag and curb Stones, on the Wharf.

On Commission,

A few Bbls. first quality Albany ALE

40 boxes 6 by 8 and 7 by 9 Window Glass.

3,000 wt. Salt Pork.

40 Barrels Taunton GIN

200 Do fresh superfine Alexandria FLOUR

60,000 superior Alexandria SEGARS.

ALSO, For Sale,

200 Hhds. retailing MOLASSES.

500 bushels yellow flint CORN.

HENRY BULL.

Newport, July 6.

SALT,

1200 bushels Turks Island SALT.—*Also*,

14 Hhds. first quality Retailing MOLASSES.

Just landed and for Sale by

S. & G. BOWEN.

Newport, June 15.

TO LET,—*or Boarders wanted*



A Part of that pleasantly situated House in Middletown (less than 2 miles from the State House in Newport on the Farm belonging to Capt. *J. Wood* being one of the pleasantest situations on the Island for a summer residence will be Let ready furnished—or a few Boarders will be taken.—For terms, apply to the Subscriber

JOHN ROSE.

Middletown, June 15.

NEW GOODS,

JOHN B. NEWTON,

Has just Opened,

A VARIETY of NEW GOODS, among them are:—Black Canton and Nakin Crapes; assorted colours ditto; Black Sarsnets and Synchaws; superfine black Levantines; British & American Shirtings and Sheetings; Calicoes of various descriptions: an assortment of Ribbons; green, white, pink, and light blue Florences; white silk lace; green garze; fancy silk Hdkfs.; black twill'd and plain Bombazets; American Stripes and Ginghams; 8-4 imitation Shawls, &c. &c.

Also, A few Leghorn BONNETS.

Newport, July 13.

Sheathing Paper, Linseed Oil, Staves, &c.

A CONSTANT supply of the following kinds of PAPER, of a very superior quality may be had by applying to

E. W. LAWTON,

Corner of Washington Square and Thames Street.—VIZ

Fine Sheathing for Copper—Sand Sheathing—Double and single Wrapping, extra sizes—Kentish Cap, for Hardware, &c

A L S O,

10 Bbls Waterman's Linseed OIL

10,000 W. O. Hhd, STAVES

60,000 CIGARS.

☞ One Case Superfine LINENS, *Cheap* by the Piece or Yard.

Newport, July 13. 3w

R. I. Bridge Company.

THE Stockholders are notified, That their Annual Meeting for the choice of Officers. will be holden on MONDAY, the 22d July instant, at XI o'clock A. M. at the Bank of Rhode-Island. *By Order,*

W. MARCHANT, *Clerk.*

Newport July 10.

☞ Post-Office Notice.

GREAT inconvenience having resulted to this Department, by giving credit for Postages of Letters;—Notice is now given, that all Accounts not punctually paid at the end of each Quarter, as it shall occur, will in future be discontinued. Those gentlemen who have been waited upon with their Accounts, *for the payment of Accounts now due, and who have not paid the same*, are informed they are now closed, and no letter, in future, addressed to them, will be delivered without the Postage being previously paid.

The practice of sending Accounts for collection will in future be discontinued; the Accounts will be placed in their respective boxes for collection, which must be paid during the first week in *each Quarter*—this Regulation is irrevocable.

B. B. MUMFORD, *Post-Master.*

Newport, July 13, 1822.

Commission Paint Store.

LINSEED OIL; Paints of all kinds, dry and ground in Oil. Painters Brushes and Tools, Window Glass, Putty, &c &c.—*For Sale by*

WILLIAM W. VERNON,

Who returns his most grateful thanks to his Friends and Customers for past favours, and would inform them, that he has removed to No. 134 Thames-Street, nearly opposite the Office of the Newport Mercury, where he continues to carry on the business of Painting and Glazing in its various branches, and and where he constantly attends to receive their commands.—The smallest favours gratefully acknowledged, and the strictest attention paid to all orders.

Newport, July 13.

FOR SALE,



THE Brig UNION, about 113 tons burthen, now lying at Dean's Wharf—she is well calculated for the West-India Trade, and may be considered a good vessel of her class, and well found—she will be sold low, to close a concern.—For further particulars and terms, apply to

GEORGE TILLEY.

Newport, July 6.

New Goods,

R. P. LEE,

Has Just Received,

AN additional supply of Seasonable Articles, that enables him to offer a very large Assortment of DRY GOODS, which he is determined to sell at the lowest prices.—*Among them are,*

Real double chain black Levantines; superior black and colored Crapes; white and colored plain Silk shawls; Merino Shawls and Hdkfs; elegant fancy silk do; white and colored feather fans; common and very fine linen Cambrics; fashionable pattern Dresses; elegant Parasols from 9s to $5; Cotton Umbrellas; Book Muslins and Lenoes; Jaconet and Mulls; fancy Ribbons; shell and horn Combs, cheap Irish Linens. &c. &c

Newport, June 15.

TICKETS,

IN the Third Class of the Lottery for the Encouragement of Domestic Industry, are now ready for Sale by the Managers.

The object for the aid of which this Lottery was granted, being so beneficial to the best interests of the community, comprehending besides a stimulus to industry, the aid of Agriculture and Domestic Manufactures, is so well known and appreciated that it needs no recommendation from us. We therefore on for the following Scheme; flattering ourselves that it will meet with general approbation.

SCHEME!

1	Prize of	10,000 is $	10.000
3	of	1000	3000
6		500	3000
8		300	240..
8		200	1600
40		100	40.0
100		50	5000
120		20	2400
3100		6	18,600
3386	Prizes		50,000
6614	Blanks		

10,000 Tickets at $5 each, 50,000

Less than Two Blanks to a Prize—All Prizes subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes only will be drawn. Three hundred numbers will be considered a day's drawing, except on the last day, when 386 will be drawn. All prizes not demanded within one year from the last day's drawing, will be deemed as generously given to the Lottery.

The capital Prizes will be disposed as follows:—

The 1st drawn number will be entitled to	$ 500
On the 2d day there will be deposited in the wheel 8 prizes of	300
3d day, one of	500
4th day, one of	500
5th day, one of	500
6th day, one of	500
7th day, one of	500
8th day, one of	1000
9th day, one of	1000
10th day, one of	1000
11th day, one of	10,000

Drawing will commence on the 19th day of October next.

GEORGE OLNEY,
DEXTER THURBER,
STANFORD NEWELL.
Managers

Providence, July 10. 3w

M. POPE,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has appointed Mr. HENRY POTTER, Merchant, of Newport, as Agent for selling MUSTARD. &c. where those who wish to purchase to sell again, can be supplied at the Factory prices.

Newport, June 29.

Rooms to Rent, or Boarders Wanted.

THE Subscriber wishes to Let 3 or 4 Rooms, in the House occupied by him, in the rear of the *N. E. Commercial Bank*, for the Summer months, or longer—or would accommodate from 3 to 6 Boarders.—Said Rooms may be had with or without furniture.

ROBERT STEVENS, jun.

Newport, June 1.

NEW GOODS.

S. H. CAHOONE,

111, *Thames-Street,*

Has this Day received,

AN Assortment of CRAPES, which he is selling at reduced prices.—*Also*, A handsome Assortment of Seasonable Goods, as usual,

Newport, June 15.

FRESH FLOUR.



FRESH Superfine FLOUR, for Family use, now landing from Schooner Ann, and for Sale by

S. & G. BOWEN.

Newport, July 6.

☞ Closing up, for a Removal. ☜



& No. 1, Custom-House Court,

Has just Opened,

THE Cheapest Lot of Piece Goods that was ever offered in this state,—as he is in expectation of leaving this place in the Fall, is determined to sell his whole Stock off at cost, to close up his business before he removes.—He has wide Bombasins for 6s9 the yard; the nicest Merino Handkerchiefs for *D3 37*; Ladies Cotton Hose as low as 1s6 per pair; Black Lustrings from 3s3 to 3s9; Thread Laces from 6d to 7s6 per yard—and Super Broadcloths 10 or 15 per cent. cheaper than ever—and all other articles proportionably Cheap

W. J. T. wishes all those who have demands against him to call and receive their pay, and those who are indebted to him by Note or Book Account, to call and settle with him in sixty days.

Newport, June 29.



HATS,

NEW-YORK HATS, which are handsome and cheap, including the fashionable Oval, and wide and common brims—Youths and Childrens Hats.

Paper-Hangings,

For Rooms and Window Curtains, with elegant Borders—some very low priced.

Books,

Family Bibles, with plates,—Blank Account Books—Blunts Navigator and Coast Pilot, last editions—Alden's and Webster's Spelling-Books—Murray's Reader and Grammar—Walker's Dictionary.—School-Books of every kind in use.—Also, Small Bibles, Testaments, Watts Psalms and Hymns.—50 Reams Foolscap, Writing and Letter Paper,—Are just received and for Sale at the Book and Hat Store of

GEORGE WANTON,

Agent to E, Hathaway.

Newport, July 6.

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for July 1st, 1822

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the subscriber, the Agent in Newport.

J. C. SHAW.

Newport, July 6.

NEW ASSORTMENT!

N. SWEET & CO.

112

THAMES-STREET.

Are constantly receiving,

ADDITIONAL supplies of CHEAP GOODS, suitable to the Season, and are determined to sell them very low for Cash; they invite their Old Customers and the Public to give them a call, and they cannot help buying.—Among them are the following:—

English Goods,

Real sup. fine blue black and brown Broadcloths and Cassimeres; black, blue brown, olive and French grey [illegible] ets, from 20 cents to 3s6; sea length [illegible] and crimson Salisbury Flannels; white Flannels from 2s to 6s; Welch do very cheap; red and yellow ditto; [illegible] and Scotch Plaids of the newest pattern; Cassimere Shawls with and without borders; Crape, Cassimere [illegible] do with merino borders; [illegible]; double width Bombazin; Damask satin for shoes; Venitian stair Carpet [illegible] or 3s6; [illegible] ditto, from [illegible] to 6s9; Wilton [illegible]; pink, purple and blue striped Jean; white and coloured Marseilles Vestings; elegant Valencia ditto; black, leno, jaconet and [illegible] muslins; a complete assortment of fancy [illegible] es from 1s [illegible]; Ginghams for [illegible]; cotton shirtings; cotton Cambrics from 1s6 to 3s6 per yard; furniture Calicoes and Chintzes

Hosiery,

Silk, black and white, from 7s6 to 15s per pair; white and coloured, mixed, cotton hemp, worsted lambs wool do. cotton and hemp socks for only 1s6.

French Goods,

Elegant small merino point worked border Shawls; large merino Shawls, cheap; imitation and French Crapes; Levantine, double chain black, olive & cinnamon Lustrings, for only 3s; gentlemens and ladies white and black silk Hose; silk gloves; white and coloured kid gloves; elegant plaid silk Hhdkfs; Parasols from 9s to 5 dollars.

American Goods,

Unbleached real good Shirtings for only 1s per yard; Sheeting do. from 1s to 20 cents; blue stripe, shambray and plaid for 1s; bedticking, white and figured Jeans; feather fans.

Canton Goods.

Real good Canton Crapes from $ to $5 50 the half piece; Sinchaws and Sarsnets; Nankin Crapes; black and yellow Nankins; Nankin crape dresses; bandanno and flag Hhdkfs

Russia Goods,

Russia Diaper from 1s to 1s6 per yd. and 4 dols. per piece; linen Damask 6-4 wide for only 4s6 per yard, for cheap Table Cloths.

An elegant assortment of horn Combs and the cheapest lot of Turtle-shell Combs ever offered in Newport.

Elegant Assortment of Ribbons.

LEGHORNS,

A very cheap Lot of Leghorn Flats and Gipsies.

An assortment of Oil Cloths for Tables—Elegant mowhair Nets—Silver-eyed Needles for only 2s per hundred—Tapes, Pins and wire Thread.

ALSO DAY & MARTIN's Real Japan BLACKING

Newport, June 29.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers appointed Executors of the Last Will and Testament of

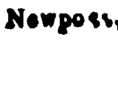
CHARLES FEKE,

late of Newport, Druggist, deceased having given bonds as the law directs, for the faithful discharge of the trust, request all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and all persons having any demands, to present them to

MARY TOWNSEND,
JOHN F. TOWNSEND.

Newport, May 25.

TO LET.



THE Dwelling-House, Wharf and Stores on the Point late the property of *John Dennis*, and now occupied by *Joseph Marble*.—Apply to

W. MARCHANT,

Newport, May 3, 1822

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW-YORK, JULY 15.
Latest from England.

THE Packet Ship Hercules, Gardner, and the ship Euphrates, Stoddard, arrived here on Saturday morning from Liverpool, the former having sailed on the 8th, and the latter on the 7th June. We have received our regular files to those dates. The papers are quite uninteresting, and contain no political intelligence of importance

In the parliamentary proceedings up to the 6th June, inclusive, we do not find that the West-India Trade Bill, or the Colonial Trade Bill had been acted upon, since our former accounts.

The navigation laws bill, and the importation of goods bill, had passed the commons, and been taken up in the house of lords.

Sir J. Mackintosh, on the 4th of June made his promised motion for the amelioration of the Criminal Code, which was carried 117 to 101.

Mr. Curwen had given notice of his intention to move for a total repeal of the salt tax.

Parliament it is said would not adjourn before the middle of July. The business before it might easily be terminated earlier; but it is said that Ministers wish to prolong it, in order to prevent the King from going abroad, which he cannot do [illegible] session concludes.—The expenses which must be incurred by the Royal travels are considered extremely objectionable in the present distressed state of the country.

LONDON, JUNE 6.

By letters of a very recent date, which yesterday reached us from Leghorn, we learn that houses have been engaged in Florence for the Emperors of Russia and Austria, who are expected to arrive in that capital to attend a Congress about the middle of July. The subjects appointed for deliberation and decision in the conferencies of that assembly, are said to be the relative state of Greece and Turkey, and the settlement of the affairs of Italy. The stage is larger than that of the late Congresses of Troppau and Labach (Where the two Emperors could enjoy as profound a seclusion as two monks of Latrappe:) but whether the royal actors are to be increased, we cannot as yet ascertain At any rate, as the spectators of the external show will be more numerous, the world will hear more of it than of the secret conclaves on the German territory It is extremely probable that both England and France, which formerly rather watched than joined the two former meetings, will send ministers to this, as its range of deliberation will be more extensive, and its decisions more final It is likewise probable that these "substitutes for Kings," the Austrian Satraps of Naples and Sardinia, with the other tributary Princes south of the Alps, will be permitted to come and pay their homage to the authors of their fate.

FRANCE.

The Session of the French Chambers was opened on the 4th of June, by the following speech of the King.

"*Gentlemen*—The necessity which has long been felt of liberating the financial administration from those provisional measures to which it has been necessary hitherto to recur, has determined me, this year, to anticipate the period of calling you together. In exacting from you this new sacrifice, I rely upon your zeal, and upon that devotion of which you have given me so many proofs.

"Providence has preserved the infant which it has given to us, and it is a pleasing thought to imagine that he is destined to repair the losses and the misfortunes which have befallen my family and people.

"I have the satisfaction to announce to you, that my relations with foreign powers continue to be of the most amicable description A perfect unanimity has influenced the efforts, concerted between my Allies and myself, to put an end to the calamities which oppress the East, and which afflict humanity. I cherish the hope of seeing tranquility restored in those countries without the occurrence of a new war to aggravate their miseries

"The naval force which I maintain in the Levant has accomplished its destination, by protecting my subjects, and by affording aid to the unfortunate, whose gratitude has been the reward of our solicitude.

"I have adopted precautions which have kept from our frontiers the contagion which has ravaged a part of Spain. The present season does not permit that we should relax these precautions, and I shall therefore continue them as long as the safety of the country may require it. Malevolence alone can discover in these measures a motive foreign to my real intentions.

"Rash enterprises have disturbed in some parts of the kingdom public tranquility, but they have only served to display more signally, the zeal of the magistrates and the fidelity of the troops. The small number of individuals, who are the enemies of order, view, with despair, our institutions consolidated and rendering a new support to the Throne, my people abhor their criminal designs. I shall take care that violence does not deprive them of the privileges they enjoy.

"Positive calamities, tho' exaggerated by fear, have recently desolated the department contigious to the Capital. The aid of public and private benevolence has, however, mitigated them. The activity of the inhabitants shortened the duration of these disasters: authority seconded their zeal; justice will punish the guilty.

"The exact state of the debt *arriere* is at length ascertained, and will be submitted to you. This debt whose origin is in times happily far removed from us & whose liquidation has developed its full extent, will retard, for the present year, in spite of my most deep regret, a part of those ameliorations of which the various branches of the public revenue will be susceptible.

"The advantages we have already obtained should encourage us to persevere for their maintainance & increase. I rely upon your aid to secure, in our beautiful country, that prosperity which Providence designs for us; this is the wish of my heart; the incessant object of my thoughts; it is the consoling idea which alleviates the recollection of my pains, and which embellishes the anticipations of the future."

The French papers continue extremely guarded as to the state of the public mind, which, however, is represented in private letters, as extremely feverish with respect to the Bourbons. A fracas is stated to have taken place at Lyons, on the 10th of May, in consequence of hostility displayed to an election return, by a few individuals.—The Royalists, who occupied the principal Hotel, called out "*Vive le Roi*;" on which, a mass from 6 to 7000 men, who had assembled in the Place Terraux, fell on the soldiers, and in some measure overpowered them. The whole afternoon, in every street, was heard the cry of "*Down with the Bourbons! Down with the King! Vive la Liberte!*" pitchers and flowerpots were thrown from the windows on the soldiers.—Things went on dreadfully, and several persons were killed—Even the life of the Prefect was attempted. It was only possible to still the movement by communicating to the military 3 000 strong, orders to fire on the people. Tranquility was far from being fully restored when the last accounts came away.

By the Mails.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.
CHARLESTON, JULY 9.

Arrival of the Grampus.

THE U. S. sch'r Grampus, Lieut. Gregory, arrived here yesterday from a successful cruize of 3 months. She has come in for some necessary repairs, and will be off again in a few days to join the Shark, which is now cruising with a part of the prizes, which have been converted into tenders, in the vicinity of the Old Bahama Channel.

The particulars of her cruize against the Pirates, up to the 29th of May, are already known.

Notwithstanding the great exertions made to destroy these villians, enemies of all nations, they still continue to commit depredations on commerce, and are particularly incensed against Americans; they are seldom from their lurking places, except when some merchant vessel happens to pass in sight of them. They have a chain of communication along the whole of the north side of Cuba.

July 10.

Insurrection of the Blacks.

The Court of Magistrates and Freeholders, convened for the trial of sundry persons of color, charged with an attempt to raise an insurrection in this State, after acquitting several, unanimously found the following *Guilty*, and passed upon them the sentence of Death, to be carried into execution on Friday next, the 12th July, between six and eight o'clock in the morning:—*Gullah Jack*, the Slave of P. Pritchard, Esq—*Monday*, the Slave of John Gell, Esq—*Charles* the slave of the Hon. John Drayton—*Harry*, the Slave of David Haig, Esq.—*John*, the Slave of Elias Horry, Esq.

MARYLAND.
BALTIMORE, JULY 12.

From the Pacific.

The Schooner Amanda, arrived at this port, had a passage of 65 days from Valparaiso, and 46 days from Cape Horn. She left at Valparaiso on the 3d of May, the U. S. ship Franklin, Com. Stewart, and her tender the Dolphin.—The frigate Constellation, Capt. Ridgely, was to sail in two days after for the United States—Several whaling ships were in port, but no list of them is received.

The following is an extract of a letter.

"VALPARAISO, April 25, 1822.

"I enclose you the terms on which the spanish frigates and corvette Alexander, surrendered to San Martin's Agent. A ship arrived yesterday from Guayaquil—and from Lord Cochrane's Agent, who has received a letter from him, I learn the following:—

Lord C. sailed from St. Pelas in pursuit of the frigates and corvette, and found at Guayaquil one frigate only, the Vengaza, and corvette; the other frigate had sailed for Lima. The Peruvian colors were flying on board them—he took possession of them for and in the name of the government of Chili, hauled down their flags and hoisted the flag of Chili. He has fitted the frigate out and is in pursuit of the one bound to Lima, and says he will take her at every hazard, even under the guns of Callio."

[The account of the terms of surrender, alluded to in the above extract, first states, that on the 10th of Feb. last, the Spanish frigates Vengaza and Prueba, and corvette Alexander, arrived at the south west end of the island of Puna, for the purpose of blockading the port of Guayaquil, and succeeded in capturing three prizes under the Guayaquil flag. On the 11th of February at night, a lieutenant from the Prueba arrived at Guayaquil, with despatches from the Spanish squadron for that government, which induced the latter to send three commissioners on board the squadron, the captains of which came to the city, and opened a negociation resulting finally in an agreement that the frigates and corvette should be delivered up to the Supreme Government of Guayaquil in the state they should be found in The agreement consists of ten articles, providing for the pay by the Peruvian Government of all wages which were due to the officers and crews of the vessels by the Spanish government—for the transportation of such as wish to return to Spain—and for the performance of other stipulations of minor importance.]

COLUMBIA.
WASHINGTON CITY, JULY 12.

Handsome Donation.

Previously to the departure of Mr. de Neuville from Washington, he presented to the Library of that city, in the name of his Sovereign, a copy of that splendid specimen of French typography entitled *Grecian and Roman Iconography*. This work embraces the most authentic portraits of the celebrated men of ancient Greece and Rome, with their biographies; also numerous engraving of medals coins &c. comprising some of ancient Egypt and of Asia. The work was commenced by Napoleon in 1807, and is going on under the patronage, and at the expense of Louis 18th. It is printed in folio, of the size called imperial, and is very costly in its execution, as may be supposed when only four volumes have been completed in fourteen years.

NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, JULY 15.

From Carthagena.

By the schr. Selina, in 30 days from Carthagena, and 10 from Trinidad, we learn of Capt. Sistare, that

Official accounts of Bolivar's victories had been received at Panama. Considerable alarm had existed there in consequence of an earthquake having been experience on the Isthmus. The negociations of the new government with the Indians had been productive of the happiest effect, and facilities of considerable importance had been thereby obtained.

Two Spanish privateers had blockaded the coast from Carthagena to Porto Bello. They had cut out from a Jamaica convoy, about 10th May, the English schr. Swift, bound to Chagres, with a cargo worth 80,000 dollars.

A person had arrived at Trinidad to inspect the collector's accounts and see that the excise laws were properly enforced. He had caused a serious difficulty; vessels whose cargoes had been entered, and the duties settled by the old method of compromise, and had sold their cargoes at prices consonant thereto, were obliged to pay the full amount—equivalent to what the articles sold for.

A felucca with 24 men and a 4 pounder, left Trinidad the day previous to the Selina, it was conjectured with the intention of capturing her, it being supposed that she had a large sum of specie on board. Off Cape Crux, Capt. S. saw two piratical boats, which, on seeing the Selina, anchored among some dangerous rocks. Capt. S also passed within 3 miles of Cape Antonio, but saw nothing.

July 16.

Arrival of the Steam-Ship.

The steam ship Robert Fulton, Capt. Barnard, arrived Sunday night, with about 130 passengers.

The Robert Fulton has brought us papers from New-Orleans to the 28th ult. Havana to the 5th, and Charleston to the 11th instant, all inclusive.

The Robert Fulton left at Havana, the United States ship Hornet, Capt. Henly. Spoke off the Moro, the United States schr. Shark.

The accounts from New-Orleans, says the Charleston Courier, state that it was getting sickly. The Mayor had recommended the removal of all those who could make it convenient. A great portion of the population had already left the city. The weather had been excessively hot, the thermometer for several days having ranged at 94 to 96.

There were but very few vessels, in port, and considerable produce yet to be shipped It is said that $16 per hhd. freight had been engaged for a shipment of tobacco to New-York, and two cents per lb. for Cotton. One vessel had cleared for Amsterdam with a freight of tobacco at 1 1-2 cent. per lb Cotton had fallen materially—parcels for which 22 cents had been refused, were offered at 18 1-2, and but few sales could be effected at this depression. The weather is stated to have been very fine for the growing crops; calculations were made that Louisiana would this year produce 200,000 bales of cotton.

The accounts from Havana state, the deaths in that city by the yellow fever, to be 10 or 12 daily. George Ralls, Esq a native of Virginia, Commercial Agent of the United States, was among the victims

The passage of the steam ship from New-Orleans, &c. a distance of over 2000 miles, has been performed in 16 days, including three days stoppages in Havana and Charleston. And what is remarkable, that out of 150 souls on board, there is not one the least indisposed.—*Mer. Adv.*

MASSACHUSETTS.
BOSTON, JULY 18.

From Hayti.

We have received a letter from our correspondent at Cape Haytien, dated June 28, communicating the following information:—

"In order to facilitate the rebuilding of St. Marks, President Boyer has ordered that lumber shall be admitted into that port for one year from the 1st June duty free.

"Boyer reigns the undisturbed President of Hayti; the utmost tranquility prevails throughout the Republic: the discontented in the Spanish part are quelled and the Spaniards there discover no disposition to return under the yoke of Ferdinand

"It is reported here, that a negociation is on foot between the American and Haytien Governments, which promises to be favourable to our trade—It is at least certain that the Haytien government is very desirous of a commercial treaty with the United States, to whose interests it will be to secure so very valuable a [illegible] West India trade"

From South-America.

An arrival [illegible] from Congress [on the] [illegible] ing advices—[illegible] was nominated on the [illegible] day in consequence of the recognition of their independence by the United States; That the great Bolivar after much hard fighting, had entered Quito, the [illegible] of New-Grenada, with a population of 70,000 souls the Spanish Governour, Moriono, having died a few days before—That Commodore Aury, with his squadron, in behalf of themselves, and the inhabitants of Old Providence, had petitioned to be annexed to the Colombian Republick, and that a deputation had sailed from Carthagena to receive them: And that the schooner Harriet Baker, of Philadelphia, had put into Carthagena, having been robbed of her cargo, by a Spanish privateer from St. Jago de Cuba. *Centinel.*

The Evening Post has received intelligence from Peru up to the 8th of April. Most of the regular troops had been marched from Lima. The Royalists had been ordered to take the oath of allegiance or quit the country. The Congress of Peru was to assemble on the 1st of May, but was postponed to give the Committee time to draw up the Constitution

"Foreign merchandise is only admitted to entry in the ports of Callao and Guanchaco; and must pay a duty, in foreign vessel, of 20 per centum; in vessels of Colombia, Chili, and Buenos Ayres, 18; and in those of Peru, 16 per centum. Books, as well as all instruments of science and art, are admitted free of duty."

Statesman.

Pirates.

The Schooner Pirate, Midshipman Booth, has arrived at N. Y. from a cruize with the U. S. schr. Grampus She was captured by an expedition fitted out from the Grampus and Alligator in May last, and has derived her name from her former employment. She acted for a time as a tender to the G. and has lately been very successful in her attacks upon her old friends and namesakes. Her exploits, in connexion with the Grampus and Shark, have been previously noticed.

Items of News.

The Bank of the United States are preparing to erect a splendid Banking-House in Wall-Street, New-York.

Mr. Rush, the American Minister, is one of the Committee of the British and Foreign Philanthropick Society of London.

Mr. Randolph's name appears frequently in the London papers. At a meeting of the British and Foreign School Society, May 16th, he moved a "vote of thanks to his Grace the Duke of Bedford, and the noblemen and gentlemen vice patrons of the Society. He dwelt upon the honours and virtues of the house of Russell, and of the other names which were the objects of his resolution, amongst which were those of the nobleman who is at the head of the Catholicks of Ireland, and the venerable Bishop of Norwich."

THE MERCURY.
Newport,
Saturday, July 20, 1822.

FOREIGN NEWS.

By arrivals at New-York and Boston, London dates to the 6th of June have been received.

Intelligence was received in London on the 6th of June, from almost every part of the continent of Europe. It supplied the usual quantity of contradictory rumours relative to Russia and Turkey, which leaves us as much in the dark as ever as to the ulterior designs of these rival powers.

The Speech of the King of France to his Parliament partakes of the vague character which generally predominates in papers of that kind.

A rumor prevailed on the Continent that a new Congress of Sovereigns were to assemble at Florence, to cement anew the continental alliances.

Mr. Baring is said to have been robbed in Italy of a very great sum.

A Dublin paper of June 1st, says, "The distress of the peasantry continues awfully deplorable; but charity is seeking them out to relieve them.—Boats laden with large cargoes of potatoes have just been forwarded by government, by the canals, to be distributed in the suffering villages."

The London papers in speaking of Russia, use the language of jealousy and irritation.

Steam-Boats are established to ply between France and England.

DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS.

Letters from Washington say, "That the President will not make any nominations or appointments to the Southern Republics and Empire, until the meeting of Congress in December next." It is intimated, however, that Mr. Rodney may go to South-America in an unofficial character, with an understanding that he will receive his appointment on the meeting, and with the sanction of the Senate.

BY THE STEAM-BOAT.

By the Connecticut, Capt. Bunker, which arrived here on Thursday forenoon, in 19 hours from New-York, with 64 passengers, we received the Mercantile Advertiser, Statesman, and the American of Wednesday evening, from which we have made several extracts.

Rhode-Island Steam-Boats.

The new arrangement of the FULTON COMPANY to navigate Long-Island Sound and the waters of this Bay, with the Connecticut and Fulton Steam-Boats, has now become permanent. All the travelling, therefore, on the great Eastern route, which formerly centred in Connecticut, will naturally fall into this new channel, as it offers a more certain, safe, and rapid conveyance, than any one hitherto established. Besides the superior convenience and expedition of the Boats, and the attractions of an ever-varying society, the Traveller may now add to the pleasures of his tour, the fine scenery of this beautiful Bay, and its cool, invigorating atmosphere, at a season, when every one flies from the intense heat of the southern Sun.

There is only one part of the arrangement of which we have a right to complain. From New-York to Providence the fare is Ten Dollars a passage, including the expences of the table. The same charge, we understand, is made for a passage from New-York to Newport, though in this instance, the distance is 30 miles less, and dinner can never be served on board, as the Boats invariably arrive here at noon. Passengers to Providence, on the contrary, always dine in the Boat, and in this manner are conveyed more than 30 miles distance, with the addition of a very pleasant repast—free of expence.

The same remarks are applicable to the arrangement, on your return to New-York—the effect of it being to charge a passenger from Newport, for what he has really never received, viz. the value of his breakfast, and 30 miles passage.

The result of this arrangement is so manifestly unjust, that we hope it will be only necessary to state it to the Proprietors, to obtain for our citizens immediate relief. It is very important to the inhabitants of this Town, and we add, to the Fulton Company also, that the access to Rhode-Island, at this Season especially, should be rendered as convenient and economical as possible;—and this can easily be effected, by reducing the present fare to and from Newport, One Dollar and Fifty Cents on each passage, without sensibly diminishing the profits of the Boats. A regulation of this nature is now in force on the North-River, where, we understand, the rate of passage is graduated by the distance run.

NEWPORT.

"*Opposition Line.*"

The Steam-Boat Olive-Branch arrives on Sunday afternoon from Jersey City, (opposite New-York) having left that place at 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, touching at Newhaven and New-London to land her passengers. This Boat not belonging to the New-York Fulton Company, is exempt from the operation of the Connecticut interdiction. We learn she is intended to be one of a new line to run between Jersey City, this Port, and Providence, stopping in Connecticut, at reduced prices.—The Providence Journal remarks. "The success of the Connecticut and Fulton has probably caused this experiment, and the competition will most likely render the business unprofitable to all parties; in the mean time our packet and stage owners will again reap the harvest, which competition has partially blighted for some time past."

A public dinner was given at Newyork on Tuesday last, to Mr. De Neuville, Minister of France, which was attended by a large number of Merchants and other citizens. The Minister sailed on Wednesday, in the ship Two Brothers, for Havre.

The Philadelphia papers of Tuesday announce the death of Mr. Manuel Torres, Minister of the Colombian Republic to the United States. He died on Monday, in the 58th year of his age. Arrangements were proposed at Philadelphia, to bestow those funeral honors to his remains that seemed peculiarly recommended by the eminence of the character of the first minister, and one of the founders of the Republic of Colombia.

South-American Governments.

Commenting upon the act of Congress appropriating a sum of money to defray the expence of sending ministers to the South-American governments, the *Liverpool Mercury* makes the following remarks:—"It is expected that the United States of North America will, forthwith, despatch five envoys, with their respective suites, to the five independent nations of once Spanish America. The unanimity with which the popular branch of the national legislature at Washington has at length ceded the acknowledgement of independence to these countries is honorable to itself, and may be the means of inducing Spain to relinquish any further attempts to subjugate to her yoke, territories, on which God and nature seem to have imprinted the seal of rational freedom."

British Parliament.

In a late debate in the English House of Commons, it was asserted (and the fact we believe will be new to most of our readers) that the salary of the English Ambassador to this country, exceeds that of the President of the United states upwards of 900*l.* sterling, or $4200 annually.—The Marquis of Londonderry, possibly as a justificatory cause for the expenditure, in the course of a long speech observed, that "certainly there was no country in the world with which it was more important for this country to live on terms of amity and mutual good feeling," and appealed to Mr. Antrobus, now a member of Parliament, and formerly Chargé de Affaires in Washington, whether the sum was not demanded by the very considerable expense attending the mission.—That gentleman, however, modestly answered in so low a tone as to be inaudible to the reporters; although it is supposed that his own experience, from some extraordinary sources of expenditure, would have warranted an affirmative.

Notwithstanding the importance ostensibly attached by the English Ministers to this country, he appears to have indulged in a supercilious "monarchical contempt of the power of this government, and of its expenses" Sir. James Mackintosh, who replied to the Marquis, observed, that when he ascribed a feeling of contempt to the noble lord in referring to the American Government, he founded his observation as much on tones and gestures as on articulate expressions. The former he said were frequently not less intelligible. Sir James contended that the House of Commons was in reality the guardian of the public purse, and bound to represent the republican part of the British constitution. They were bound, he said, "to act with republican jealousy, not with unguarded confidence, at a time when distress was general, and when complaints were loud and universal. Fifty years ago Mr. Burke had observed the monstrous contrast afforded by a petitioning people, and an addressing House of Commons—by a Parliament which, when the country expected from them votes of economy, thought only of thanks and congratulations. But, lamentable as was the fact—such was now the state of things in this country—and beyond all doubt the noble lord would find nothing analogous under the government of which he had spoken with so much real or affected disdain. *In spite of the regal contempt evinced by the noble marquis for the United States of America, she was day by day spreading her pacific conquests, and blessing with her rule a wider extent of territory than absolute monarchy ever cursed.*"

New-York American.

From the Charleston Courier.

The following letter from Madrid, received in Paris, shews the sensation produced in the capital of Spain, by our recognition of South-American Independence. It will be perceived to be by no means as welcome as was anticipated by some of our statesmen at Washington.

"MADRID, APRIL 25.

"The message of the President of the United States, and the note of M. Zea presented to the French and English Ministers, have excited here a sensation as strong as disagreeable. The Royalists, the Liberaux, the Serviles, and the Exaltados, all agree in condemning the measures of the President of the United States, which seems to lay hold of the moment when Spain has expressly sent pacific Commissioners to treat with the people of America."

INDEPENDENCE.

The recent Anniversary of Independence was celebrated at Tompkinsville, on Staten-Island, N Y on which occasion an Oration was delivered by Vice-President TOMPKINS.

Celebrating Independence in a new style!—The Philadelphia Press states, that on the night of the 4th inst. a number of persons assembled at Harrisburg, and *demolished* six or seven houses of ill fame!

Map of Rhode-Island.

Mr. Amos Lay, who some time since issued Proposals for publishing a map of Rhode-Island, on an extended scale, is now in this State, engaged in making the necessary surveys.—The work will be completed as soon as time and circumstances will permit.

"*Fortunes of Nigel.*"—This last production of the author of Waverly, was published at New-York on Saturday last.

The Boston Evening Gazette of Tuesday says, "We understand that an action for a libel, has been directed by Captain Hull, of the United states navy, to be brought against the author of a communication in the Boston Patriot of this day, signed "A Republican."

A letter from an officer of the Franklin, dated Valparaiso, 26th of April, states that six of the bodies of the young men lost in the boat, had been found and interred, including Lieut. Perry. Midshipmen Marshall, Preble and Coffin, and the two men, Smith and Read.

DEDICATION.

On Friday the 12th inst. the New Universal Meeting House in Norwich, was dedicated to the service of Almighty God. The services were performed by the Rev. Mr. Mitchell.

Miscellaneous Items.

South Carolina has obtained of the General Government, upwards of 200,000 dollars for expenditures during the last war with England.

Only six crimes are punishable with death in France, viz high treason, murder, arson, burglary, forgery of the National Bank Notes and Public Securities, and robbery with violence.

The London papers mention, that Matthews, the most celebrated comedian of the age, proposes to make a voyage to the United States, to display his various and inimitable talents.

The King of England's visit to the continent is at present suspended in consequence of the arrival of the Prince and Princess of Denmark.

It is mentioned in the National Intelligencer, that the "Official Record" of the Trial of Lieutenant Abbot is in the press.

The London Society for the Encouragement of Arts have awarded a large silver medal, and twenty guineas, to Mrs. Wells, of Connecticut, for a new material for fine plat, in imitation of Leghorn.

Crimes, &c.

At the close of the sittings of the Mayor's Court, Philadelphia, on Monday, B. C. Vaccarie, convicted of having stolen two daimond breast pins, was sentenced to imprisonment, at hard labor, for 3 years. The Court stating, that in pasing this sentence the fraud which Vaccarie had practiced upon Mr. Bergasse in imposing brass filings upon him for gold dust was taken into consideration. William Wilson, convicted on two indictments, of knowingly passed forged notes of the Mechanics' Bank of the city of New-York was sentenced to imprisonment at hard labour for seven years upon each conviction making the term of his imprisonment fourteen years. Wiliam Gordon, was sentenced to an imprisonment at hard labour for seven years, for having knowingly passed forged notes of the same kind.

Pick-Pockets.—Two fellows called by themselves, R. Sims and William Bumroy but whose real names turned out to be Joseph Santer and John Pomroy have been placed "in durance vile" at Petersburg, Virginia, charged with picking a gentlemans pocket book containing $1600, in the midst of the throng at Poplar Spring There were 800 dollars found on the persons of the depredators.

James Whitney Farnsworth has been sentenced to be hanged on the 20th September next, convicted before the District Court of the United States at Batavia, of forging United states Patents for military bounty lands.

An attempt to obtain money from the Bank of the United States by a counterfeit check was made on Saturday last. A boy presented the check of a wealthy citizen; and so well executed was the imitation that it would have been paid, but from the largeness of the amount and the circumstance of its being presented by a boy On inquiry the boy said he had been sent with it by a gentleman near Walnut-street Wharf, but no trace of the counterfeiter could be discovered. What makes this attempt the more singular is, that the gentleman whose check was imitated does not use the printed form, but writes the whole body of the check.—*Phil. Gaz*

MARRIED,

In this town on Saturday evening last by the Rev Mr. Elton. Mr. HENRY TAGGART, to Miss ABBY H. STANHOPE, daughter of Mr. William Stanhope.

At Providence on Sunday last, Mr ARTHUR FARRIER to Miss DEBORAH L. SIMMONS.

DIED,

In this town on Saturday last, Mr. SILAS GARDNER, in the 33d year of his age.—To render a tribute of respect to departed worth, is at all times a duty; in the present instance it becomes a pleasing employment, for it is rare that so much excellence is combined in an individual character; in him were united all those qualities which exalt the man and the christian.—Very early in life he engaged in the pursuit of religious knowledge and obtained through grace an experience of the truth, as it is in Jesus, which was his support thro' many severe trials, many discouraging prospects in the course of his eventful life, and proved his solace during the lingering illness which preceded his dissolution; as the period of his sufferings drew nigh, his faith and confidence in the promises of his GOD visibly increased; which those who witnessed his patient resignation, his affectionate advice, his earnest exhortations, and his triumphant joy, will readily testify; and affords an additional evidence, (notwithstanding what sceptics may say) of the power of the religion of Christ on the soul; as he lived the *life* of the righteous, so his last end was like his; and his friends have the consolation of sorrowing not as those without hope, for faith assures us he has entered into the joy of his Lord."

At Richmond, (R. I.) on the 30th ult. Mrs. ELIZABETH STANTON, widow of Judge Robert Stanton, and daughter of the late Mr. John Whitehorne of this town, in the 90th year of her age.

At Providence on Thursday, Miss ESTHER GIBSON, in the 38th year of her age.

At Smithfield, Mr. ELIJAH ARNOLD, aged 24 years.

At Bristol on Saturday last, very suddenly, Mrs. ANN CHURCHILL, widow of Mr. Joseph Churchill, aged 77 years

At Westerly on the 9th inst. JOSEPH PENDLETON, Esq aged 76 years.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1822. July.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon sets.
20 *Saturday,*	4 41	7 19	9 24	8 45
21 *Sunday,*	4 42	7 18	10 11	9 7
22 *Monday,*	4 43	7 17	10 56	9 30
23 *Tuesday,*	4 44	7 16	11 38	9 50
24 *Wednesday,*	4 45	7 15	aft. 21	10 13
25 *Thursday,*	4 46	7 14	1 4	10 36
26 *Friday,*	4 47	7 13	1 49	11 4

Moon's First Quarter 25th day, 6h. 2 min. in the Afternoon.

MARINE LIST.

Port of Newport,

JULY 20, 1822.

ENTERED,

Brig Hiram, Waite,	Havanna
Agenora, Eldred,	Surinam
Mary, Wilcox,	Charleston

CLEARED.

Sloop President, Gates,	Hartford
Caroline, Shearman,	New-York
Ann-Maria, Gardner,	ditto

Sunday, July 14.

Arrived Steam-Boat Fulton, Capt. Law, 24 hours from New-York, with 46 passengers.

Sloop Commodore Perry, from Berkley, for New-Bedford.

Sloop Hannah & Nancy, Turner, from Warren.

Thursday, July 18.

Arrived Brig Mary, Wilcox, from Charleston.

Sloop Ann-Maria, Gardner, from Bristol for New-York.

Steam-Boat Connecticut, Bunker, 19 hours from New-York, with 64 passengers.

Arrived at Wickford (in this District) on Monday last, Brig Agenora, Eldred, 19 days from Surinam.—Left there, Brig Thomas for Boston in 8, and sch'r Packet for ditto in 6 days—and several others, names not recollected.—July 10 lat 30, long. 67, spoke schooner Hawk from Hampton for Porto Rico.

Arrived at Bristol on Monday, Brig Bowdoin, Carr, 11 days from Matanzas.—Passenger Capt. John Wood, of this town.

MARINE MEMORANDA

At Liverpool June 8, ship Newport, Burroughs of this port, to sail next day for the Baltic.

At Bremen May 29th. Ship Fisher Ames, Rider, of this port, just arrived from Charleston.

At Hamburg May 25th Brig Stephen Stanhope, to sail in 10 days for the Baltic.

At Dalaro (near Stockholm) May 11. Ship Mary Almy, Hudson, of Providence.

Arrived at Baltimore on Monday last, Brig Nicholas & Felix, Calvert, of this port, 11 days from Matanzas.

At Antwerp June 1st. Brig Otter, Hopkins, of Bristol from Matanzas.

Brig Balance, Bennett, sailed from Liverpool June 2d for the Baltic.

Ship Helvetius, Swift, 58 days from Amsterdam for Philadelphia, was spoken on Saturday last.

At Havana July 1. Ship Wm. Baker Gordon of Providence.

Dr. Austin's Oration.

AN ORATION, pronounced on the 4th of July, 1822, at the request of the Town, by SAMUEL AUSTIN, D. D.—for Sale at this Office, price 17 Cents.

Newport, July 20.



Rhode-Island and New-York Steam-Boats.

THE CONNECTICUT, Captain BUNKER, and the FULTON, Captain LAW, will in future ply between this port and New-York, touching at Newport.

From New-York—a Boat will depart every Wednesday and Saturday, at 4 o'clock P. M.

From Providence—a Boat will depart on Wednesday and Saturday, at 6 o'clock A. M.

Providence, July 12. tf.

John Williams & Son,

Have just received and for Sale, at their Store on the Long-Wharf.

A CONSIGNMENT, consisting of the following Articles, which will be sold very low for Cash:—

An Anchor weighing 14 cwt.

A large Cable, but little worn.

One set chain and top plates, suitable for a vessel of 300 tons

A large quantity of Old Iron, consisting of Bolts, Spikes, &c.

A quantity of old Lead Zinc, Blocks, dead-eyes, water-casks, and a number of other articles.

Newport, July 20.

New Stock of
FEATHER BEDS, AND FEATHERS.

ABRAHAM BARKER,

No. 2, Charles-Street.

KEEPS constantly on hand, a Quantity of best Live Geese and and Fowl Feathers—and Feather Beds, from the lowest priced to the first quality.

Also on hand,—An Assortment of Matrasses, of all kinds.

Newport, July 20. 3m

CAUTION.

THE Subscribers understanding that *John Merrill*, whom they sent to Warren, Bristol and Newport, a few days since, to procure Subscribers for the new edition of the Statute Laws, has imposed himself upon sundry persons as their Agent for other purposes, and obtained money and goods on false pretences, hereby give notice, that they have never authorized the said Merrill to make any contract whatever on their account, except as above, and that they do not consider themselves holden to any contract, now made, or hereafter to be made, by the said Merrill, under pretence of authority from them. Persons who have subscribed for the Laws are informed, that no one has yet been authorized to receive money in advance therefor.

MILLER & HUTCHENS.

Providence, July 16.

Auctions.

On THURSDAY, July 25th, *At XI o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction, at* STEVENS's *Wharf.*



ONE-HALF of the new and fast-sailing Schooner ESSEX, about 91 Tons burthen, in complete order for sea now lying at Stevens's Wharf.—Conditions made known at the time and place of sale

WILLIAM LOVIE, *Auc'r.*

Newport, July 20

[illegible] there will be sold [illegible] one 30th day [illegible] o'clock P M One half of [illegible] and Garden situated on Lat[illegible] in south-Kingstown, now occupied by Widow *Mary Barker*, and [illegible] situation for a Public or private House.—The Estate is subject to a life lease, and to the dower of two Widows; said Estate belongs to the heirs of Joseph Pollock, deceased.—The bounds of the Estate, and conditions of Sale, made known at the time and place.

GEORGE BROWN jun *Exec'r*
W. W. POLLOCK *Guardian*

South-Kingstown, June 21 1822

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the Corporation of the *Savings Bank*, will be held THIS EVENING at 8 o'clock at their Banking Room.—A punctual attendance is requested

GEORGE MUMFORD *Secretary.*

Newport, July 20.

Narragansett Bank.

THE Stockholders are hereby notified, That a Dividend will be declared and paid on, MONDAY, the 22d instant, and on every succeeding day, during Bank hours, until completed, to such persons as the books of the Institution will shew to be Stockholders on the 19th instant

By order of the President & Directors,
SAMUEL E. GARDINER, *Cashier.*

Wickford, June 10, 1822.

Rhode-Island Union Bank

AT the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the RHODE-ISLAND UNION BANK, held pursuant to Charter on MONDAY, the 1st inst. the following persons were unanimously elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz.—

Christopher G. Champlin, William Crooke, Christopher Fowler, Stephen T. Northam, John P. Mann, Jonathan Bowen, George Engs, Anthony Wilbur Robert P. Lee.

And at a subsequent Meeting of the Directors, CHRISTOPHER G. CHAMPLIN, Esq. was re-elected President.

JOHN L. BOSS, *Cashier,*

Newport, July 5.

WASHINGTON, sc.—*Clerk's Office Court of Common Pleas July 17th 1822*

BY request, The Creditors of JONATHAN COLEGROVE of Richmond, in the County of Washington, laborer, an Insolvent Debtor, are requested to appear, if they see fit, before the Court of Common Pleas, to be holden at South Kingstown, within and for said County of Washington, on the second Monday of August next, on the second day of the term, to nominate an Assignee or Assignees to receive and distribute his Estate too and among his said Creditors, agreeably to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly, passed at June Session, A. D 1820, entitled "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors."

SAMUEL HELME, *Clerk.*

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for July 15, 1822.

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport.

J. C. SHAW.

Newport, July 20

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that she is appointed Administratrix, with the Will annexed, upon the estate of

BORDEN WATSON,

late of Jamestown, deceased, (during the minority of *Abijah B Watson*, who is appointed Executor to the aforesaid Will) and having accepted of the trust she requests all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate, to exhibit them for settlement.

ISABEL WATSON, *Admin'x.*

Jamestown, May 31, 1822.

POETRY.

FROM THE COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

WHEN this feverish being shall slumber in rest,
A prey to the worm—wilt thou think of me then?—
Will my memory be shrined in thy innocent breast,
When life cannot glow in this bosom again?

When that sorrowful moment shall come, as it must—
And the death cloud shall darkly inwelope my brow;
When this heart with its frailties shall sleep in the dust
Though it beat with affection and love for thee now:—

Is there not in yon heaven a happier clime
Where the bliss that hath withered, shall blossom anew—
Where our love shall refflourish, unwasted by time,
With more exquisite sweetness, more beautiful hue?

There is!—'tis a clime which our spirits shall find,
Divested of woes that have clouded them here—
Where our hopes shall be freshen'd, our hearts re-entwin'd;
And the carol of joy shall enrapture the ear.

With thee was each innocent wish of my youth,
E're grief gathered round which I could not foresee—
Each noble emotion of honor—of truth,
Was kindled and warmed into being by thee!

Thou taughtest me to turn from the treacherous way
Where my footsteps in darkness and folly had strayed—
Thy love was the light which illumined my day,
Which led me where virtue in brilliancy played.

Then tho' fate hath wrapped round me her darkest attire,
Though my hope hath been wrecked on adversity's lee,
One solace is left me which cannot expire,
The flowers in yon heaven are blooming for thee!

Yes—that love-moulded form may go down to the dust,
And the green turf and earth-clod about thee may lie—
Yet firm is my hope and unshaken my trust,
That my soul shall find refuge and bliss in the sky.

And when o'er my horizon death's shadows shall move—
When life like a dream of the morn shall have flown;
May my heart, all its errors forgiven, but prove
As unsullied—as stainless—as pure as thy own!

FLORIO.

New-York, June 10, 1822.

MISCELLANY.

FEELINGS OF A DUELLIST.

Major BAILEY, a well-known character at the City of Washington, and at other resorts of gamblers, has published an account of his life. It has all the frankness of a Rousseau or a Duc de Lauzeen. On one occasion he was involved in a Duel, and he describes his feelings with singular candour:—

"I visited the Springs in my coach and four; a Mr. Enjan Wigg was there with his coach and four grays, mine were bays; I arrived there first and obtained the best stables for my horses.—Mr. Wigg, being a very consequential young man and a great shot, could hit a dollar nine times out of ten, he was much [illegible] and I may add very impudent; he had the impudence to turn out of the stable my four horses and put his in; my servant John, who was a very faithful one, went and turned out Mr. Wigg's horses; there had fallen a rain, and the horses rolled in the mud. Wigg came and asked who turned out his horses and the hostler told him Major Bailey's John; he asked for the boy and the boy came, he beat him with a club and [illegible] almost killed him; I was engaged [illegible] at whist with Major Willis, Mr. Samuel Overton, and Peter Presley, the boy came to me shot kings bounce, his head cut to pieces, I asked him what was the matter? he said Mr. Wigg did it; for what, John? for turning his horses out of your stable, he had turned out your horses and put his in; I did not wish to vex you by telling you of it knowing that I had a right to turn them out and put in mine as they were in the stalls, and because his horses rolled in the mud he beat me as he did; I rose from the table and went to see Mr. Wigg; I suppose one hundred spectators were looking at us, I addressed him by saying, Mr. Wigg, by what authority did you undertake to whip my servant as you have? he replied, because he is damn'd impertinent scoundrel, and if you take his part you are no better than himself; I up with my fist and knocked him down, kicked and cuffed him, and no one offered to take me away from him, every one despised his imperious behaviour; he hallooed enough, but I had given him too much, for he kept his bed two weeks before he showed himself; and about 20 days after I had flogged him, a Col. Barnhurst, a brother-in-law to this Mr. Wigg, delivered me a challenge as I was walking by the spring. I looked at it, and said, I know nothing about fighting that way, he observed my outrage upon his brother-in-law, demanded satisfaction, and he must have a decisive answer. I told him I must see a friend and he should hear from me; well, sir, said he, see you do it immediately, and walked off; I have been sorry since that I did not treat him as I did Wigg. I went and showed the challenge to Major Thomas Lewis, a great duellist, he said, Bailey, you must fight, your standing here is that of a gentleman, and if you do not you will be hissed out of the place. If you say you are not afraid I will be your second; I replied sir, I cannot say so with truth, I never had shot a pistol in all my life, and this gentleman could strike the size of a dollar, nine times out of ten shooting at a mark, and what will be my chance; well, come, says the Major, let me see how you can shoot, and I could not hit a tree the size of a man, at a shot; well says Lewis this will not do you must take him at handkerchief's length, to which I objected, well then said the Major you must take him at three or six feet distance; no, said I, then both will certainly fall; well said the Major, I will put you upon a plan to kill him, I will place you twenty yards apart, advance and fire when you please; well said I, since I must fight, I suppose this to be the safest way; the Major then drilled me, and said, after you are placed at your stations, twenty yards a part, and the pistols put into your hands cocked, the word will be given advance one, two, or three steps slow, make a feint to fire, but be sure to reserve your fire, he will fire, and you can advance as close as you please; I agreed to the Major's plan of fighting. The preliminaries were arranged by the Major with my adversary's friend, and five o'clock the next morning was the hour appointed for meeting, and God knows I suffered enough that night; I got the favor of Mr. Samuel Kennon to write my will, had it witnessed and locked up in my trunk with a letter to my wife, the key I gave to my servant John, I then repaired to the ground; we were placed and the pistols put into our hands, our seconds threw up for the word. Col. Barnhurst, Wigg's second won it, it was given by him, advance. I did as I had been directed by Major Lewis. I advanced three steps, made a feint, and he fired, he missed—my fear was over, I stood my ground instead of advancing and took deliberate aim at him, fired and broke his arm, he fell, I was sure I had killed him, both seconds ran to him, my second hallooed to me. I advanced with a faint heart apprehending he might not be dead, and would require another shot; but to my great relief, he handed me his hand and fainted from loss of blood. Doctor Manley dressed the wound, and he was taken to the house, on the second day his arm was amputated.—Much eclat was bestowed on me for my supposed bravery If I may be permitted to take myself as a criterion to judge by, I do most candidly say, that I believe that there is not one particle of bravery evinced by fighting a duel, it is the offspring of a false sense of honor; the most timid man placed in a situation which commands the admiration and flattery of others surround him by complimentary signals of his superior grade; vanity and pride will supplant reason and reflection, and he instantly becomes a dupe to himself and domineering to others—hence trifles are magnified by him into enormities and a want of nerve, is supplied by a love of domination."

Landholder's BANK,

AT a Meeting of the Stockholders of the *LANDHOLDERS BANK*, on the 7th day of June instant, (by adjournment) the following persons were appointed Directors thereof for the ensuing year, viz;—

Elisha R. Potter, James Sherman, Thomas S. Taylor, John J. Watson, Rowland Hazard, John G. Clarke, Samuel R. Potter, Rowse Clarke, Nathan Knight, John R. Sherman, Benjamin Robinson, Joseph Stanton, William P. Newell.

And at a Meeting of the Directors on the same day ELISHA R. POTTER, Esq. was appointed President.

THOMAS R. WEEDS, *Cashier.*

South Kingstown, June 19

WM. S. PATTEN,

Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace,

OFFICE next South of the Office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, June 22

M. SESSIONS,

Has just received,

A FRESH Supply of Spring and Summer GOODS, which he offers for Sale on the most accommodating terms.—Among which are:—

Merino Shawls & Handkerchiefs	Cassimere Shawls
Imitation Do.	Superfine Broadcloths & Cassim'rs
Valencia long do.	Low priced ditto
Fancy silk Hndkfs.	Red, white, green & yellow Flannels
Gauze ditto	Sattinetts
Silk scarfs	Woolinetts
Crape Shawls	Silk, Marseilles & Valencia vestings
Levantine ditto	Striped Jeans, a large assortment
Cotton ditto, with attin borders	4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics
Silk cotton & worsted Hose	Do. Jaconet
Long English silk Gloves	Black & coloured India Levantines
Kid habit ditto	Do. Sattins
Silk Gauze	Ginghams
Cypress Crape	Stamp'd Cambrics
Italian ditto	Pattern Dresses, new fashion
Nankin & Canton ditto,	Flag & black silk Handkerchiefs
Thread and silk Laces	Cotton flag ditto
Fancy and plain Riboons	Cambric & common Dimities
Real India Book Muslins	Carlile Ginghams
Imitation ditto	Black, blue & yellow Nankins
India mull muslins	Black & col. worsted Bombazins for gentlemen's wear
Imitation ditto	5-8 & 5-4 Bombazin
A few Leghorns, very cheap.	Silk & Twists
Calicoes, a great variety	

Newport, May 8,

MARBLE MONUMENTS.

TOMBS, Chimney Pieces Hearths, Fire Places and Grave Stones, of American and Italian Marble, blue, white and clouded, for Sale on the Packet Wharf, NEWPORT.

A L S O,

500 pair of Grave Stones, of the finest and most durable Blue Slate, warranted superior to any Sold in this State.—Free Stone for Windows Caps and Sills, Hearths Fire Places and Steps.

All of which will be Sold at the *lowest Prices for Cash*, Country Produce, or other Merchandise and on a long credit required. *Apply to*

JAMES STEVENS,
Pelham-Street.

Newport, March 17.

The Union Factory.

WOOL CARDING.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their Friends, and the public in general that they have established the Indigo Blue Dyeing, and have employed an experienced workman at colouring and finishing.—Woolen Goods of all descriptions will be finished in the neatest manner and on the most reasonable terms

Wool of all grades carded into rolls in the best manner. They continue to manufacture Wool on shares or by contract as may best suit their employers

The following persons will receive and forward any articles intended for the Union Factory viz.—*Edward Stanhope* and *Robert K & Francis Carr*, Newport.—*George Lawton* Tiverton.—*Jeremiah Gifford*, Bristol Ferry.

The Subscribers return their sincere thanks to their old customers and solicit the continuance of their favors.

JOHN BABCOCK,
MOSES LAWTON.

Portsmouth Nov. 10.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has on hand a good Assortment of West India GOODS, &c. which he will sell as cheap as at any other in the County for Cash or approved credit.

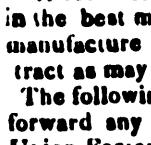
Also, He would inform the Public that he is chosen one of the Auctioneers for the Town of South-Kingstown and he will sell at Auction, at his Store on Tower-Hill, every other Saturday, beginning at 1 o clock in the Afternoon.—Sales will commence on *Saturday*, the 29th of June inst. for West-India and Dry Goods, Hardware, &c.

JOHN BROWN

N. B.—All Persons indebted to the Subscriber of more than three months standing, are requested to call and settle the same without delay.

S. Kingstown, (Tower Hill) June 7

FOR SALE,



A FARM in Exeter, about 7 miles from Wickford, and 2 from Little-Rest Hill, containing 345 Acres of Land, about 150 of which is Woodland. The Farm has on it a New Dwelling-House, Barn, and other buildings, with a Saw Mill.—Any person disposed to purchase, may know the terms, which will be very reasonable, by calling on the Subscribers.

CHRIS. A. SWEET, *Newport.*
BAILEY HALL, *Middletown.*

Newport, May 25.

In Town-Meeting,

JUNE 4th, 1822.

An Act to preserve and regulate the FOUNTAIN lately erected near the foot of the Mall in Washington-square

BE it enacted by the Freemen of Newport in Town-Meeting assembled and by the authority thereof it is enacted That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be chosen by the Freemen of said Town some suitable and proper person whose duty it shall be to superintend the said Fountain and have the care thereof and who in full compensation for his trouble and services, is hereby authorised to charge and collect Two Cents for each and every hogshead of water filled at said fountain for the use of any ship or vessel bound upon any foreign voyage or for any other purpose other than domestic use.

And be it further enacted That if any person or persons shall hereafter deface, or in any way injure any of the works attached to said Fountain or shall put any filth of any kind whatever in the streams or tub of said Fountain or shall in any other way foul the water thereof, or shall by any act divert the water running from the spout of said fountain by collecting and throwing off the same with the hand or otherwise to the annoyance of any one, or shall do any act or thing at the reservoir from which said stream flows calculated to injure any of the works belonging to the said Fountain or to render unwholesome the waters running to it, every person so offending shall forfeit & and pay a fine not less than One Dollar and not exceeding Four Dollars for each and every offence, one-half thereof to and for the use of the Town and the other half to and for the use of him who shall sue for and recover the same to be recovered in an action of debt, before any Court competent to try the same.

Witness
CHARLES GYLES *Town-Clerk.*

An Act for the better preservation of the Side-walks in Newport.

BE it enacted by the Freemen of said Town in Town-Meeting assembled That from and after the passing of this Act every person who shall ride drive or lead any horse or shall drive or lead any horse and cart waggon [illegible] sleigh or any other vehicle drawn by one or more horses ox or oxen or shall wheel a wheel-barrow upon or against any side walk now laid or which may hereafter be laid in this Town with brick or flat stones unless for the purpose of necessarily crossing such side-walks; or shall fasten or hitch any horse or horses or oxen so that they may stand on such side-walk; or shall saw or deposit any wood lumber or other materials thereon; or shall in any other manner whatever obstruct or render inconvenient the free use of such side-walk for foot passengers such person so offending shall for each and every offence, forfeit and pay for the use of said Town a sum not exceeding Ten Dollars and not less than One Dollar at the discretion of the Court before whom the offender may be tried to be recovered in any action of debt in the name of the Town-Treasurer before any Court competent to try the same.

And be it further enacted That the horse or horses ox or oxen fastened or hitched as aforesaid so as to get on or be liable to get on any such side walk may be let loose by any freeholder of said Town.

And whereas all passengers on the side-walk in Thames-Street would be greatly accommodated if those passing up said Street were as far as conveniently might be to use one of said side-walks and those passing down to use the other Therefore for the purpose of recommending so convenient a practice *Be it further enacted* That all persons passing up said Street shall take the right or easterly side-walk of said street; and all persons passing down, shall take the right or westerly side-walk of said street. And that it shall be the duty of all persons passing contrary to this act, to give way for those passing in conformity thereto.—And be it further enacted that all persons standing on either of said side-walks, shall carefully avoid obstructing the passage of those passing in conformity to the foregoing resolution.

And be it further enacted, That all former acts heretofore passed on this subject which are contrary to this Act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Witness,
CHARLES GYLES, *Town-Clerk.*

Newport, June 4, 1822

NOTICE,

IS hereby given, that agreeably to an Act of the Hon. General Assembly, passed at their June Session A. D. 1822, there will be sold at Public Auction, on the 30th day of September next, at One o'clock P. M. One-half of a large House and Garden situated on Little Rest hill, in South-Kingstown, now occupied by Widow *Mary Barker*, and is a good situation for a Public or private House.—The Estate is subject to a life Lease, and to the dower of two Widows; said Estate belongs to the heirs of Joseph Pollock, deceased.—The bounds of the Estate, and Conditions of Sale, made known at the time and place.

GEORGE BROWN, jun. *Auct.*

South-Kingstown, June 21, 1822.

BEEF, &c.

S. & G. BOWEN

Have for Sale at their Store on Stevens' Wharf

200 Bbls. No. 1 & 2 Boston BEEF.—30 do. Mess do. Do.

Mess and Prime PORK.

100 Boxes No. 1 & 2 Soap.

Russia and Ravens Duck.

Bar and Bolt Iron; Iron Hoops Anchors, Nails, Naval Stores, Leather Salt, Codfish, Grindstones, and a general Assortment of

Ship-Chandlery & Groceries

Newport, Nov. 17.

30,000

American Segars, of a superior quality, for Sale by

E. W. LAWTON.

Newport, May 18.

General Vaccination.

To the Committee appointed by the Town of Newport to receive Proposals to Vaccinate the inhabitants thereof

WE, the undersigned have taken into consideration the laudable intention of the citizens of our Town, as expressed in your publication, to institute a General Vaccination as we are desirous to contribute as much as is in our power to extend the benefits of that important discovery, we do hereby cheerfully make a tend[illegible] of our professional services, without requiring any pecuniary compensation.—Should these offers meet with their approbation, we will attend at such time & place as may be provided by the Town, on six successive Saturdays, from the hours of 3 to 5 o'clock in the Afternoon.

DAVID KING,
WILLIAM TURNER,
EDM. TH. WARING,
CHARLES COTTON

Newport, May 14th, 1822.

In Town-Meeting, June 4th, 1822.

THE Committee appointed at the last April Town Meeting, to ascertain the best terms on which the Inhabitants of this Town can have the benefit of the Kine pock Inoculation reported to them Reported verbally, That they have received proposals from four of the physicians, viz David King William Turner, Edmund T. Waring, and Charles Cotton, stating that they would tender their services to the Town for that purpose, on six successive Saturdays; without any pecuniary consideration, at such place as may be provided by the Town.—Wherefore it is voted to accept the same, and that the same Committee be continued; to make the necessary arrangements as to time and place, and to give notice to the Inhabitants thereof.

A True Copy from the Records,
CHARLES GYLES, *Clerk.*

THE undersigned Committee in conformity to their appointment, beg leave to state for the information of their fellow-citizens, that on

Saturday Next, the 15th inst.

Will commence a *General Vaccination* throughout the Town of Newport, which will be continued during three successive Saturdays, from the hours of 3 to 5 in the Afternoon, at the Methodist Chapel; and the next three succeeding Saturdays at the Rev. Dr. Patten's Meeting-House, at the hours specified,—where the Physicians above mentioned, who have generously proffered their professional services for the accomplishment of so important an object, will be in attendance; as also the Committee, to preserve order.

Our fellow-citizens are respectfully and earnestly requested to use every effort to promote the design in view; their own safety and that of the rising generation, as well as the best interests of the Town, imperiously demands their attention to this subject.

JOHN G. WHITEHORNE,
JOHN SLOCUM,
JOHN WILLIAMS,
DANIEL DENHAM,
WILLIAM ENNIS.

Newport, June 12, 1822.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that she is appointed Administratrix, with the Will annexed, upon the estate of

BORDEN WATSON,

late of Jamestown, deceased, (during the minority of *Abijah B. Watson*, who is appointed Executor to the aforesaid Will) and having accepted of the trust, she requests all persons indebted to said estate, to make immediate payment; and those having claims against said estate, to exhibit them for settlement.

ISABEL WATSON, *Admin'x.*

Jamestown, May 31, 1822.

ATTENTION!

THE Members of the *NEWPORT INDEPENDENT VOLUNTEERS*, are requested to wear Crape on the left arm for the space of 30 days, as a testimony of respect for their deceased Member Mr. JOHN COOK.

By order of the Commanding Officer,
JOHN B. NEWTON, *Clerk.*

Newport, June 22.